天一实验中学 2025-2026学年第二学期阶段性练习

初三英语试卷

第 | 卷 (客观题 共50分)

一、单项选择 在 A	、B、C、D 四个进	选项中,选出可以填入2	它白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上次	将
该选	项涂黑。(本大题	其 14 小题,每小题 1 2	分,共14分)	
1. To get more	, Paul searched	the bus information, book	ked the rooms and planned the activit	ies
before travelling.				
A. patient	B. creative	C. practical	D. organized	
2. —I haven't collect	ted as much mone	y as we expected for the j	people in need.	
—I think you can	lower your	because at least you'v	re tried your best.	
A. purpose	B. standard	C. speed	D. value	
3. —OK. A burger, tv	wo apple pies, and	a mashed potato. Someth	ning to drink, Sir?	
— but co	oke, please. Coke i	s too sweet for me.		
A. Everything	B. Nothing	C. Something	D. Anything	
4. —Dad. Maybe I'll	never realize my	dream.		
—Don't lose heart.	A dream can't be	realized in one day. A big	g dream is,, many small dr	eams.
A. for example	B. in fact	C. first of all	D. as a result	
5. —some	extra money is for	and, the library will be cl	osed.	
—Don't worry. Th	e government is g	iving a hand.		
A. Unless	B. Since	C. While	D. Although	
6. If you are feeling	g life just	be any worse for you	, it will be challenging to think som	nething
cheerful.				
A. can't	B. mustn't	C. should	D. may	
•	-	•	We want them to know nobody	·
A. forgot	B. has forgotte	en C. will forget	D. is forgotten	
8. —It's cold outside.	Put on more cloth	nes when going out.		
—OK. I'll wear a l	arge jacket	my sweater.		
A. in	B. over	C. above	D. under	
9. —I am considering	g getting a pet, but	t I'm not sure if I'm ready	y for the responsibility(责任).	
—You should	the time, eff	fort, and cost before maki	ng a decision.	
A. weigh	B. divide	C. cut	D. change	
10. Far from being rela	axed, we both felt	so uncomfortable that we		
A. closely	B. nearly	C. hardly	D. simply	
11. —Where's Jack?	?			
—Well, your gues	ss is min	ne. He didn't say anythin	g to me.	
	ū	C. as soon as		
		and that peace		
· ·		C. break out	D. try out	
13. —Could you plea	ase tell me	?		

—Sure. By air last	week.		
A. how Mr. Brown	will return to England		
B. how Mr. Brown	went back to England		
C. when Mr. Brown	will go back to England		
D. when did Mr. Bro	own return to England		
14. —So you don't lik	ke your new school?		
— . I thir	nk it's a nice school. But it real	ly needs a playground.	
A. Don't get me w		ı said it	
C. Don't mention it	D. No		
二 、完形填空 先追	通读下面的短文,掌握其大意	:,然后在每小题所给	的四个选项中,选出可以填入
	白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡		
	大题共10小题,每小题1分		
			echanics (机械学), but I have no
•	•		er, this past year I have finally
	•	•	er, this past year I have many
_	I will probably live a better		16 1 1
•	• •		pay than my last one.
_	an hour at my last job and live		1 / 收
			ycle (哈雷摩托) that everyone
_		_	would be able to 18 it. It
	•		ild it. They were impressed with
	any of their friends about me	. I got a lot of new bu	usiness just 20 word of
mouth.			
		_	and I was making good 21.
		good month. But due to	o the instability (不稳定) of the
•	leave my day job at that point.		
	•		oment and diesel trucks(柴油汽
车). I was able to imp	press them by solving difficult	problems 22.	They offered me another job that
started even higher	\$17 an hour. I finally made so	me progress.	
In one year, I went	t from being the lowest level e	mployee(雇员)to havir	ng employers(雇主) invite me to
for them. No	ow I can honestly say I feel trul	y proud of myself and	my <u>24</u> .
15. A. life	B. job	C. man	D. pay
16. A lower	B. higher	C. less	D. richer
17. A new	B. nice	C. used	D. cool
18. A buy	B. use	C. change	D. repair
19. A saved	B. paid	C. lent	D. borrowed
20. A for	B. in	C. by	D. on
21. A effort	B. contribution	C. fun	D. money
22. A slowly	B. quickly	C. hardly	D. simply
23.A. leave	B. stop	C. teach	D. work
24. A skills	B. education	C. patience	D. family

三、阅读理解 阅读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容,在每小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项,

并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。(本大题共 13 小题,每小题 2 分,共 26 分)

Cadets(军校学员) are young people, like you, who usually meet once a week after school at their army unit or at weekends. If you join the cadet program, you'll learn basic skills such as bush survival, first aid and navigation by day and by night.

Abseiling and Rope activities

Overcome your fear of heights by taking part in rope activities. You'll wear a harness (保护带) and a helmet and you'll lower yourself from a high point to the ground.



Camping and other training

You'll learn to put up a tent with tools such as support poles, a rope, a hammer and build a shelter. You'll also learn to store and prepare food. You will be taught how to start a fire.



First aid

First aid is an important skill to learn. You will be able to manage and organize first aid on water or in the bush (灌木丛). You will learn to dress wounds. In conclusion, you will learn how to deal with medical emergencies.



Navigation

Learn how to navigate using a map and a compass. Start with e-learning and classroom instruction. Then put what you have learned into practice during day and night trips for exploration.

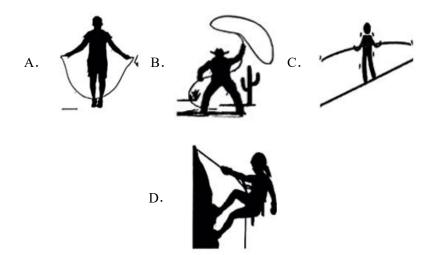


Boat and water skills

Go canoeing, build a raft and learn important swimming and life-saving skills.



- a month after school to learn basic skills. 25. The cadets usually meet
 - A. once
- B. twice
- C. three times
- D. four times
- 26. Which picture shows abseiling and rope activities?





- 27. Sam thinks he has developed a good sense of direction and can use knowledge that he has learned in life. Which training program is he in?
 - A. Abseiling and Rope activities.
- B. Camping and other training.

C. Navigation.

D. Boat and water skills.

В

The Formula (Fl) Chinese Grand Prix 2024 will take place in Shanghai in April. Zhou Guanyu, 24, will be there. He is China's first F1 racer. This will be his first time to race at home. His team is Alfa Romeo.

What makes a great F1 racer?

Body

A good racer must have a good body. Even though racers look still, their bodies are going through hard tests during races. Zhou does a lot of work on his neck. This is because the head and helmet become five times heavier when braking and speeding up, according to the Motorsport Technology website. "You can see my neck getting thicker these years," Zhou told The Paper.

Quick reactions

F1 drivers like Zhou need to react quickly. F1 racers usually react to things in 100 milliseconds, said Motorsport Technology. That is two times faster than normal people. "Racing with the world's top F1 drivers tests not only my driving skills but also my mind and reaction speed," he told Hongxing News.

Cars

Speed is so important for a great racer. Besides driving skills, fast speed comes from the car itself. Zhou had trouble with his car at the Hungarian Grand Prix 2023. But he's ready for the race in April with a new car and better tires(轮胎). He's ready to show his skills!

28. The Formula 1 Chinese Grand Prix 2024 will be special for Zhou Guanyu because

. The Formula Femmese Grand First 2024 with be special for Zhou Guanyu because

- A. His team will race for the first time.
- B. He will race at home for the first time.
- C. He will have a new car.
- D. He will race with the world's top F1 drivers.
- 29. A racer's head and helmet become when the car brakes and speeds up.

A. five times heavier

B. two times lighter

C. five times lighter

D. two times heavier

- 30. What can be the best title for the passage?
 - A. Zhou Guanyu's China's First F1 Race

- B. The Formula 1 (Fl) Chinese Grand Prix 2024
- C. Keys to Be an F1 Racer
- D. A Great F1 Racer—Zhou Guanyu

(

King Uther died. Since he had not left a son, it seemed that there was going to be a bloody fight to see who would be the next King.

Merlin, the great wizard, called a meeting of all the important people in the country to decide how they should choose their King. In the churchyard was a large stone that had not been there before. Stuck into the stone was a large sword, and written on its handle in letters of gold were these words "Whoever can pull this sword out of this stone is the true King." So all the important people who thought they had any right to be King tried to pull the sword out of the stone, but none of them succeeded. Finally they decided to hold a large fighting competition so that the knights could try each other's strength and fighting ability.

Sir Ector heard about the competition and came to London, with his two sons Kay and Arthur. Kay hoped to win the competition and became famous. Arthur was just there to help support Kay, and to manage his horse and weapons. But just as they were riding to the competition, Kay realized that he had left his sword at the place where they were staying." "Go and get it for me, boy!" he said to Arthur — not very politely.

Arthur ran back to the place they were staying, but it was locked — everyone had already gone to see the competition. What could he do? As he was wondering what to do, he looked around and saw the handle of a sword on the other side of a wall. He jumped over the wall and took hold of the sword. Then using his mind to focus his strength as Merlin had taught him to do before, he easily pulled the sword out of the stone.

Since he was in a hurry, he did not look at the sword too carefully, but rushed back to give it to Kay. Kay was just going to say "You stupid boy! This isn't mine! When he noticed the words on the handle, Kay went to his father, Sir Ector, and said, "You see, I have the sword, and that means that I am the true King!"

Sir Ector led both Kay and Arthur back to the place where the sword had been found. Then he called all the important people to come and see what had happened. When they were all there, Sir Ector asked Arthur to put the sword back into the stone. People all tried to pull the sword out of the stone, but no one could. Then Arthur pulled it out as easily as taking candy from a baby. After they had gone through this several times, some people there asked Merlin how this boy could be the true King. Merlin told them Arthur's story. When they heard it, all of them went down on one knee and promised to help Arthur to become King.

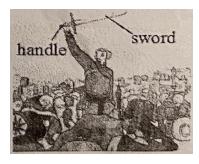
- 31. What was Kay like according to the story?
 - A. Kind and helpful.

B. Clever and thoughtful.

C. Shy and careless.

D. Impolite and dishonest.

32. What is the correct order of the following sentences?



- a. Kay and Arthur came to London.
- b. Merlin told Arthur how to focus his strength.
- c. King Uther died.
- d. Kay left his sword at the place they were staying.
- e. The important people decided to hold a competition.

A. c-e-a-d-b

B. b-c-e-a-d

C. b-c-a-e-d

D. c-e-d-b-a

33. What can we infer from the last paragraph?

- A. Merlin supported Kay more.
- B. Sir Ector doubted about Kay's words.
- C. The sword was returned somewhere else.
- D. People would do something against Merlin.

D

Jack White is a 17-year-old student who has already published a collection of poetry with a local publisher. Jack believes switching (转换) to an all-boys school changed his life.

"When I was at my mixed school, poetry was for girls, not boys. Boys were supposed to like subjects like math, computers, and science. When I wrote poems, the boys at school used to make fun of me. At my new school, things are different."

Jack may not realize that boys and girls also learn and think differently based on specific biological developments. These differences have an effect on how and when boys and girls learn, so single-sex education is actually better for children.

Take brain development for example, the areas of the brain involved(有关联) in language, feelings, physical coordination (协调), and social relationships develop in a different order and speed in girls and boys. Teenage girls find it easier to answer the question, "How does the story make you feel?" than teenage boys. Research has shown that teenage girls' brains develop the connections between language and emotions(情感) earlier than boys' brains. A teenage boy will have more difficulty answering that question because his brain has not fully developed that connection yet. In a single-sex classroom, everyone's brain is developing at similar speeds, so teachers can teach according to their students' actual abilities.

Boys and girls also have different hearing abilities. Girls have a sense of hearing which is two to four times better than boys. Women teachers often speak more quietly, so boys may have more difficulty hearing a woman teacher if she is talking in her "normal" voice. The teacher needs to speak louder to get the boys' attention. In a single-sex school, teachers do not have to keep <u>adjusting the volume</u> of their voice.

Jack might not notice the biological arguments why single-sex education is better, but he realizes that he is learning faster at his new school. As Jack says, "I hated writing and studying English in my old school, but look at me now, I am a published poet! My new school helped me become comfortable with who I really am."

- 34. What can we learn from the passage?
 - A. Girls usually have fewer chances to talk in class in a mixed school.
 - B. Jack was laughed at by other boys because he was not good at poetry.
 - C. The part of the brain that understands our emotions grows slower in boys.
 - D. Boys' and girls' brains will develop at similar speeds if they study together.
- 35. What will probably happen in a single-sex school?
 - A. Teachers will give lessons based on their students' abilities.
 - B. Students will learn and make progress at the same speed.
 - C. Students will be expected to learn poetry as a main subject.
 - D. Teachers will ask more questions involved in students' emotions.
- 36. The words "adjusting the volume" in Paragraph 5 probably mean "..."
 - A. changing the loudness

B. increasing the clearness

C. lowering the level

- D. controlling the speed
- 37. What is the writer's main purpose in writing this passage?
 - A. To compare how boys and girls think differently.

- B. To show how a boy became a published poet.
- C. To explain why single-sex education is better.
- D. To discuss the problem of writing poems at school.

第 II 卷 (主观题 共 50 分)

四、词汇运用(本大题共8小题,每小题1分,共8分)
(A) 根据句意和汉语注释,在答题卡对应题号的横线上,写出单词的正确形式。
38. She is the apple of her parents' eyes. And she is also their(骄傲).
39. To be a(私人的)detective sounds like a challenging job.
40. Although you prepare well for an interview, things may not always go as(顺利地)as you
hope.
41. Would you please(搁)the blanket on the bed?
(B) 根据句意,在答题卡对应题号的横线上,写出括号内所给单词的适当形式。
42. The(discover) of the new machine has saved millions of lives across the world.
43. Add some sauce and it's a great way to make the salad a little(tasty).
44. You should look up the dictionary when you're(sure) of its spelling.
45. Is the man smoking at the gate a(Europe)?
五、动词填空 用括号内所给的动词的适当形式填空,并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。
(本大题共8小题,每小题1分,共8分)
46. I don't know if he has completed his project. I am only told that he(work) on it last night.
47. —All right, I'll do it. But I'll tell you, It's the last time I(take) on this kind of work.
—Come on, Buddy! Don't be serious.
48. Computers have had a great influence on learning methods since they(introduce) into schools.
49. I(make)it clear many times that I won't give up the plan.
50. —Some adult children often don't know what shaped their parents before.
—(raise) their families, including old parents as well as their kids.
51. Has the engineer had the problem(solve) after taking everything into consideration(考虑)?
52. The teacher said that it(be) very difficult to make progress if I didn't work hard.
53. On the bedroom wall always(hang) a wedding picture of the couple.
六、阅读填空 先通读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容,在文章后表格的空格内填入一个最恰当的
词。所填单词必须写在答题卡对应题号的横线上,每个空格只能填一个单词。
(本大题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

After-school activities can be a wonderful thing and continue our children's education through the school holidays. However any old activity does not do the right job, every activity should be useful and helpful and of course, joyful. So what matters when we make the decision as to what our youngster is going to take part in?

Above all, you should know what you expect your child to learn from the activity, for example, learning how to play a musical instrument, how to draw or whatever. Any activity should be a challenge to a child. Taking on the challenge and achievement can help a quiet or shy child become more confident.

Safety must be the most important thing that you should consider of any activity. But remember nothing can be made to be 100% safe and still be interesting. You should talk to an instructor and ask questions before deciding this is the course you want your child to be part of. Be careful of the activity itself with too much competition because that can cause problems and kill off enjoyment. Do not forget that this is costing you money so try to be sure that you are getting value for it. Of course there's no doubt that discussing things with your child first is also a good idea.

Parents have different opinions about it though. On the one hand there are those who decide all the things for the child and adults make the running. On the other hand there are those who much prefer to leave the child to choose on his or her own and decide what they want to do during their holiday. Some say that the second method encourages children to better think for themselves and that the first makes them depend more on adults. Only you can decide which one you are and which is the best for you and your child. Remember that you are only young once and childhood will be gone soon forever. All work and no play is not the idea.

Successful after-school activities			
Advantages	◆After-school activities can be wonderful and educational. ◆After-school activities should be of some use, help and54		
Purpose	◆You should know what your child is expected to learn if he or she takes part in an activity. Challenging activities and achievement can55 a quiet or shy child's confidence.		
Safety	 ♦It's always 56 that there is some danger in different activities. ♦Ask an instructor for advice before making decisions. ♦Avoid activities with too much competition. ♦Discuss things with your child first. 		
Two types of parents	◆Some parents believe everything should be decided for the child, and that makes their child more dependent on. ◆Others let the child make his or her own 57 and decisions, making them an independent child.		
Conclusion	◆Precious childhood, once gone, never come back. ◆All work 58 play is not the good idea.		

七、	完成句子	按所给的汉语, (本大题共6小)	, , , , = , , , ,		并将答案写在答题卡对应题号的横线上。 9分)
59.	当压力失去	控制时,会导致	健康问题。		
	When stress	goes		_, it will	lead to ill health.
60.	做梦大约占	了我们睡眠时间	的四分之一。		

Dreams	about one quarter of our sleeping	ng time.
61. 世界上有很多美丽的国家,	但都不能和我们的祖国相提并论。	
There are many beautiful coun	tries in the world, but none of them can	our motherland.
62. 像他这么有才华的人不应满	足于现状。	
Such a most talented person as	s he shouldn't	what he is.
63. 众所周知,金属主要是以合	金的形式使用。	
It's known to all that metals	alloys(合金	$\left(\frac{\lambda}{L}\right)$.
64. 我真后悔弄得这么一团糟,	现在我得从头开始。	
I really	that I have to start all over again	now.
八、书面表达 (本大题共 20 分	>)	
向世界传递中国文化,让世	界倾听中国声音。近期,我校将面向	7全体学生举办"用英语讲好中
国故事"的爱国主义主题展示活	动。假如你是李华,想参加此次活动	b, 请根据以下信息, 向负责本
次活动的英语老师 Mr. Yang 写一	封100词左右的自荐信,表达你的个	人优势以及对参加活动的期待。
要点提示:		
1. Say something about yourself.		
2. Why do you want to take part in	the activity?	
3. What do you hope to gain from	the activity?	
注意: 1.词数 100 左右(开头已	给出,不计入总词数);	
2.短文中不得泄露个人信	息.	
Dear Mr. Yang,		
I'm excited to hear that our scho	ool will hold the activity "Telling Chin	nese Stories in English". I really
want to take part in it.		
I expect that you can give me th	is chance to show myself and I'm looki	ng forward to your reply.
		Yours,
		Li Hua