2018-2019 年江苏省无锡市惠山区省锡中九年级上学期期末英语试卷

(考试时间 100 分钟, 满分 110 分)

听力(20分) 略
一、单项填空 (本大题共14分,每小题1分)
great progress he has made! I really think it's great success.
【A】What a;不填
【B】What; a
【C】How; a
【D】What; 不填
【答案】B
【分析】考查感叹句和冠词。句意:他取得了多么大的进步啊!我认为这确实是一个为伟大
的成功。Progress 名词,不可数,所以用 what 不加冠词 a。句式为: what+不可数名词+主谓
后者"一个巨大成功"用 a。
We are not allowed to bring any snacks at the sports meeting.
<u>-</u> -
[A] Neither are we
【B】Neither do we
[C] So are we
[D] So do we
【答案】A
【分析】考查否定句的符合。A 的否定情况也适用于 B 时,我们用 Neither,且后面要倒装
因为是 we are not allowed,所以复合用 Neither are we。
It is impossible for little children to do much work in a short time. [A] so; so; such [B] such; so; such [C] so; such; such [D] such; such; so
【答案】B 【分析】考查 so,such 辨析。So 修饰形容词副词,such 修饰名词。little 表示小的时候,修饰children,所以前面还是用 such。"多多少少"用 so, 所以第二个空用 so。"如此短的时间核心词还是名词时间,所以用 such。句意:对于这么小的孩子用如此短的时间做这么多的工作是不可能的。
The number of classes in our school is than of any other school in Wuxi . [A] larger,the one [B] more,that [C] larger,that [D] more,the one
【答案】C 【分析】考查形容词比较级。班级数量的多少用 large 和 small,排除 BD。同类比较,后者
I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/

用代词 that。
What did Max just say to you ?
He asked me
[A] if I would like to go skating
【B】 when did I buy this CD
[C] where I will spend the weekend
【D】 that I had a good time
【答案】A
【分析】考查宾语从句。B 语序不对,首先排除。C 时态不对,也排除。因为他问我,后面
应该是有疑问的 ,所以 D 项关系词不对,应该改为 whether。A 项正确。
v=2vi
After that terrible disaster, the officer had no choice but to calm to deal with different
problems.
[A] require
(B) remain
[C] remind
[D] reduce
【答案】B
【分析】考查动词词义辨析。保持镇静,用 remain。A 需要; C 提醒,使想起; D 减少。句
意: 可怕的灾难之后,官员别无选择只能保持镇静来处理不同的问题。
2 2 2 1 2 2 201
Will the volleyball match be covered?
Yes, but if you are not a sports fan, you might find it a bit
[A] alive; boring
【B】alive; bored
[C] live; boring
【D】live; bored
【答案】C
【分析】考查固定搭配和动词-ing,-ed用法辨析。句意:排球比赛会现场直播吗?会的,
但如果你不是一个球迷,你可能会觉得它有点儿无聊。现场直播: cover live,排除 AB。排
球比赛令人感到无聊,物作主语,用 boring。
He lives to Joy, and in the factory he works with her as well. [A] closely; closely
【B】close; closely
[C] close; close
【D】 closely; close
【答案】B
【分析】考查副词辨析。句意:他住得离 Joy 近,在工厂里他也和她密切合作。前者是距离
的近,用 close; 后者是心理上的,抽象的亲近,用 closely。
We should find some time to relax ourselves we can achieve a better result.

[A] so that

[D] unless
【答案】A
【分析】考查连词。句意:我们应该找一些时间来放松我们自己,以便我们能取得一个更好
的成绩。So that 表目的,引导目的状语从句。C 项如果要使用,前后须用逗号隔开。B 项,
尽管,引导让步状语从句; D项,除非,引导条件状语从句。
Would you please stay for lunch?
Sorry, I My brother is coming to see me and he'll arrive at about 12.
[A] mustn't
[B] can't
【C】wouldn't
[D] couldn't
【答案】B
【分析】考查情态动词。句意: 你会留下来吃午饭吗?对不起,我不能。我兄弟要来看我,
他将在大约 12 点到达。
What shall we do to kill time?
Well it is Wanda Cinema's half-price day, why not go to watch a film?
[A] While
[B] Since
[C] Unless
[D] Though
【答案】B
【分析】考查连词。句意:我们做什么来消磨时光呢?嗯,既然今天是万达电影院半价日,
我们何不去看场电影呢?Since 表示既然。
亚肾乳片附红彩彩光子
There's nothing wrong with your mobile phone, is there?
, I'll have it
(A) Yes; repaired
(B) Yes; repair
[D] Not remain
【答案】A 全国连锁知名教育集团
【分析】考查反义疑问句及固定搭配。句意:你的手机没问题吧,是吗?不,(它有问题)
我会找人修理它。对于肯定事实,用 yes,后半句是 have sth done 的结构,意为请人来做某
事。
Can any of your friends tell us something about Hainan Island?
Of course, they can Lucy Lily has been there before. Either of them can do it.
[A] Both; and
【B】Neither; nor
【C】Either; or
3

【B】 though 【C】 as a result

【D】Not only; but also)		
【答案】D			
【分析】考查连词。根	据后文可知两人都	去过,又因为 has been	用了第三人称单数, 所以要
用 not only but also。			
I can't bear(忍受)the	air pollution in this	city any more. It is gettin	g more terrible.
! We've never h	_		
A I won't agree	J		
【B】You said it			
[C] In some ways			
[D] No way			
【答案】B	1=21		
		田 B 同意 A 的观点,所	以用 you said it 表示你说得
对。A.我不同意; C.从			
二、完形填空。(10 分	})		
A few years ago,	my husband and I	were on an island for a	long weekend with our two
daughters. "We want to	go to the butterfly m	nuseum," said Ariela and	Eliana. As soon as we walked
into the main area of the	ne museum, we sav	v thousands of beautiful	butterflies, all flapping their
colourful wings. My g	irls were jumping	up and down, and I k	new we had made the right
(1)to come to	the museum. They	were having so much fur	1.
I (2) to	museum tour guide	because I was curious,	and asked, "(3)do
butterflies live?" She sa	id,"About ten days'	' "What can butterflies o	lo (4)ten days? " I
asked. The guide stopp	ped, looked at me,	and said,"They make	the world(5)more
beautiful place."	Guaura	and runion.	/11
After we said good	bye, I (6)	stop thinking about wha	t the guide said. She was right
We all have (7)	to offer the worl	d with the time we have	e. (8) we focus our
gifts on taking care of ea	ach other everyday, v	we can make a (9)	4 5X T
How thankful it is	that you can have	the influence on your fa	amily, friends and neighbour!
Like a butterfly, you have	e your own way of	making the world a little	(10) for everyone.
		XX	76 13
1. A. way	B. time	C. decision	D. advice
2. A. got	B. went	C. turned	D. worried
3. A. How soon	B. How long	C. How much	D. How often
4. A. on	B. for	C. over	D. in
5. A . a	B. for	C. the	D. (不填)
6. A. can	B. can't	C. could	D. couldn't
7. A. nothing	B. anything	C. something	D. everything
8. A. When	B. since	C. Unless	D. Whether
9. A. note	B. chance	C. lesson	D. difference
10. A better	B. faster	C. larger	D. slower

【答案】1-5 CCBDA 6-10 DCADA

【分析】

- 1.考查名词。根据上文可知这里作者是做了一个正确的决定来博物馆。因此选 C。
- 2.考查动词。Turn to sb. 求助于某人。这里是作者向导游询问, turn to 最合适,故选 C。
- 3.考查特殊疑问句。根据回答 "about ten days" 可知问的是蝴蝶能活多久, 故选 B。How soon 的答句应该是 in+一段时间; How much 的回答应该是价格; How often 问的是频率, 都不符合。
- 4.考查介词。句意: "我问道: 十天的时间蝴蝶能做什么呢?"介词用 in, 故选 D。
- 5.考查冠词和介词。句意:它们把世界变成了一个更美好的地方。不确指的一个,用不定冠词 a,故选 A。
- 6.考查情态动词。"禁不住想······" can't stop thinking,又因为整句话用了过去的时态,所以 can't 变为 couldn't, 故选 D。
- 7.考查代词。根据文意,作者认同导游的话,因此,就好像蝴蝶短暂的 10 天能使世界变得更美好,我们也有一些能做的,故选 C。
- 8.考查连词。句意: 当我们把我们的天赋集中于每日彼此照顾时,我们就能产生影响。当······· 时候,用 when, 故选 A。
- 9.考查固定搭配。Make a difference,产生影响,故选 D。
- 10.考查形容词比较级。使世界变得更好,用 better, 故选 A。
- 三、阅读理解(26分)

Α

With the development of society, the choice of food and drinks for children is more diversified(多样化) than ever before. However, every coin has two sides. Many facts suggest that children are overweight and the situation is getting worse, according to the statistics. I feel there are a number of reasons for this.

Some people blame(责怪) the fact that we are surrounded by shops selling unhealthy, fatty foods, such as fried chicken and ice cream, at low prices. This has turned out a whole generation of grown-ups who seldom cook a meal for themselves. If there were fewer of these restaurants then probably children would buy less take-away food.

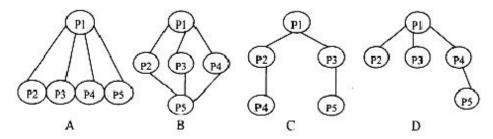
There is another argument that blames parents for allowing their children to become overweight. I agree to this, because good eating habits begin early in life, long before children start to visit fast food shops. If children are given fried chicken and chocolate rather than healthy food, or are always allowed to choose what they eat, they will go for sweet and salty foods every time, and this will carry on throughout their lives.

There is a third reason for this situation. Children these days take very little exercise. They do not walk to school. When they get home, they sit in front of the television or their computers. Not only is this an unhealthy pastime(消遣), it also gives them time to eat more unhealthy food. What they need is to go outside and play active games or sports.

The above are the main reasons for this problem, and therefore we have to encourage young people to be more active, as well as guiding them away from fast food shops and bad eating habits.

- 1. What is suggested by the author to deal with "overweight"?
 - A. Blaming the shops selling unhealthy and fatty foods.
 - B. Asking young children to walk to school every day.
 - C. Living an active life and removing bad eating habits.
 - D. Not watching TV or playing computer games after school.

2. Which of the following shows the structure of the whole text?



- 3. The author writes the passage to . .
 - A. show people a social problem
 - B. provide facts for government
 - C. advise solutions (解决办法) to a problem
 - D. compare (对比) opinions with people

【答案】CBC

【分析】

1.细节理解题。根据文章最后一段"and therefore we have to encourage young people to be more active, as well as guiding them away from fast food shops and bad eating habits."可知作者的建议是过一个积极的生活,去除坏的饮食习惯,故选 C。

- 2.主旨大意题。文章的行文结构是,先提出一个现象,然后写了形成这个现象的三个原因,最后做了总结概括,所以选 B。
- 3.主旨大意题。通读全文可知作者最终是想要提出解决青少年肥胖问题的办法, 所以选 C。

В

"Save the whales!" That's what the picture on Jake Smith's bedroom wall said. Jake liked having a picture that said something important: that showed he cared. He just never expected to get a chance to save a real whale, one right in his own neighbourhood.

It was a Saturday morning when the newspaper first reported the whales' coming. A g roup of the animals were swimming close to the beach in Jake's hometown. All the local people rushed out to the beach to see them. They were expecting a beautiful show, better than a movie, but nothing they'd have to do anything about.

Then one whale swam in the direction, directly towards land. It came in with the waves, and when the waves <u>receded</u>. Its huge body on the sand. Suddenly, Jake and his family and all the others were no longer sightseers. They had to become rescuers. A few people ran towards the animal. They pushed and tried to force the whale back into the water, but it was no use.

An animal rescue service team soon arrived in a truck with heavy lifting machinery, to help move the animal. Jack and his family couldn't do much on the beach, so they went back to their house and made sandwiches and hot tea for the rescuers. At least, Jake thought, they could help in some way.

Back at the beach, they offered the food to the rescuers and were happy to see that it was needed. It was getting dark. Some people lined up their cars along the beach and shined the headlights on the sand. The rescuers would not give up. After trying many times they were finally able to lift the whale into the water. Everyone cheered when it headed out to sea. It swam out about a mile and then disappeared for a moment under the sea. Then, in what looked like a jump

of joy, it rose high above the water—a thank-you to those who had worked so hard to save his life.

- 1. What does the picture on Jake's wall tell us about him?
 - A. He lived near the ocean.
 - B. He cared about the environment.
 - C. He worked as an animal rescuer.
 - D. He thought whales were the most beautiful animals.
- 2. The underlined word "receded" in Paragraph 3 means
 - A. didn't move B. went back out C. washed over
- 3. In what order did the events of the whale rescue take place?
 - a. The whale disappeared under the sea.
 - b. People turned on the lights of their cars.
 - c. Rescuers lifted the whale into the water.
 - d.Animal rescue service brought its truck
 - e. People pushed the whale towards the sea.
 - A. e-d-b-c-a
- B. e-b-c-d-a
- C. d-b-e-a-c
- D. a-e-b-d-c

D. got up

【答案】BBA

【分析】

- 1.细节理解题。根据第一段,"Jake liked having a picture that said something important: that showed he cared."可知 Jake 关心环境,所以选 B。
- 2.词义猜测题。根据上下文"It came in with the waves, and when the waves receded."它随着 浪而来,当浪退去的时候,可知选 B。
- 3.文章排序题。首先是人们试图把鲸往海里推,接着是救援人员到来,再是天黑了,人们开启了车灯,然后救援人员把鲸鱼扛进了海里,最后鲸鱼消失在海里。故选 A。

全陆粉c苔丽左线粉学

During the 1960s, our family were rather poor. Although both of my parents worked, their jobs were not well paid. One spring, when I was 10, my father lost his job. And I could feel my mother's sadness. I decided I would cheer her up by buying her a special Mother's Day gift.

There was a famous store in the city—Agins, which was known for its high-end fashion and style. My mother, who couldn't afford to shop there, sometimes mentioned the store in tones of great respect.

One day after school, I rode my bike to the store. I told the owner I was looking for a Mother's Day present. I remember that the owner treated me like a valued customer. "Do you think she'd like a purse" she asked. I told her I thought she might.

After walking to the back of the store, she returned with a box. She took out an Italian handbag made of leather.

"How much money do you have" she asked.

"Twelve dollars." I said.

"You are lucky. It's only 11 dollars. You still have a dollar left over for the card."

When my mother opened the gift the next Sunday morning, she stammered(结巴地说)in an excited tone, "Where did you get this"

"I bought it at the Agins," I said.

My mother was shocked into silence.

It wasn't until many years later that I learned that the purse was worth several hundred dollars. I always felt bad that I never had a chance to thank the owner. Recently, I met someone at a party who knew her daughter, Roberta. I called Roberta; she told me her mother had died 22 years before.

Now my mother is 90. She still has the purse that I bought her. The other day she said to me, "letting you have the purse for just a few dollars was unbelievable enough. But she still let you leave a dollar for the card. I will never forget it."

- 1. Why did the author want to buy a gift for his mother
 - A. His father told him to do it.
 - B. He wanted to make his mother happy.
 - C. The price of the gift was lower than usual.
 - D. His mother often talked about fashion and style.
- 2. About the gift in the passage, we can learn that
 - A. It was worth 11 dollars.
 - B. The author got it almost for free
 - C. The author wished for it for a long time
 - D. It was an American handbag made of leather
- 3. What would be the best title for the passage
 - A. A Valuable Mother's Day Gift
- B. Mother's Hard Life
- C. A Kind Store Owner
- D. Mother's handbag

【答案】BBA

【分析】

1.细节理解题。根据第一段"And I could feel my mother's sadness. I decided I would cheer her up by buying her a special Mother's Day gift."可知作者想让妈妈高兴,故选 B。

2.细节理解题。A 项错,根据后文可知这个钱包值几百美金。C 项错,作者并没有渴望它很久。D 项错,是意大利的而不是美国的。B 项正确,因为相对于包包的真实价格,作者付的钱确实可以忽略不计。

3.主旨大意题。A 项最合适,其他的选项要么太片面,要么根本为体现出文章主旨。

招生报名:15852550536

As children enter their teens, they usually begin to pay more attention to their peers(同龄人) or friends. Peer pressure can be direct or indirect, but is almost always present. Learning to deal with peer pressure (压力)makes a teen mature (成熟的), and be able to get along well with others.

Bad peer pressure is when teens feel pressured to do something that they know is wrong, such as smoking, drinking, or using drugs ($\sharp \Box$), which can remain with them into adulthood. This is the main reason teens have to learn how to deal with it.

Some of the things you can do to deal with peer pressure include:

- •Choose friends who share your values. Good friends use positive peer pressure to help you be your best self.
 - •Keep away from situations where people are doing things you don't want to do.
 - •Think about your reasons for doing things. Are they good reasons? Are you being true to

yourself and your values?

- Practice ways of saying no, giving excuses if necessary.
- •Talk to your parents, or other trusted adults, about the kinds of peer pressure you face, and listen to their advice.
- •Let the adults know when you need help to get out of a bad situation, and don't know what to do about it. Remember that if just one teen stands up to peer pressure, usually others will join him or her. Learning to deal with peer pressure will make you confident and mature.
- 1. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?
 - A. Peer pressure includes direct and indirect pressure.
 - B. Peer pressure comes from smoking, drinking and using drugs.
 - C. Teens facing pressure can't tell right from wrong.
 - D. Teens who face pressure become maturer than those who do not
- 2. Teens should learn to deal with peer pressure mainly because
 - A. it can keep them from making serious mistakes
 - B. it can influence them even when they have grown up
 - C. learning to deal with it can help them get along well with others
 - D. learning to deal with it can make them mature and confident
- 3. According to the passage ,teens should . .
 - A. stay away from people who don't share their values
 - B. have good reasons for anything they do
 - C. say no more often than yes
 - D. ask adults they trust for help
- 4.Which column(专栏) of a magazine may the passage be from?
 - A. Social problem
- B. School news
- C. For teens
- D. Science.

【答案】ABDC

【分析】

- 1.细节理解题。根据第一段第二句 "Peer pressure can be direct or indirect, but is almost always present."可知 A 项正确。B 项只讲了坏的同辈压力。C 项文中未提及。D 项表述不准确,原文说的是最后一句:"Learning to deal with peer pressure will make you confident and mature."。
- 2.细节理解题。根据文章第二段 "which can remain with them into adulthood. This is the main reason teens have to learn how to deal with it.",可知 B 正确。
- 3.细节理解题。根据文章最后一段: "Let the adults know when you need help to get out of a bad situation, and don't know what to do about it.",可知 D 正确。
- 4.主旨大意题。本文是讲青少年该如何正确应对同辈压力的, 所以选 C。

五、词汇运用(共8题每题一分)

A 根据句意填写单词, 使句子通顺。

I'm strongly (反对)driving after drinking, for it may cause traffic accidents.

【答案】against

【分析】考查单词拼写及固定搭配。be against doing sth.反对做某事。

I don't think the game show is wrong (报道)live on TV.

【答案】covered	
【分析】考查单词拼写及固定搭配。被现场报道: be covered live。	
What did your father say about your travel plan?Nothing, He just listened in(沉默). 【答案】silence 【分析】考查单词拼写。无言沉默用 silence。	
I(取消)the trip to Beijing because of the heavy snow last year. 【答案】cancelled	
【分析】考查单词拼写。因为原因状语从句有 last year, 所以要用 cancel 的一般过去时。	
B 根据句意,用单词的正确形式填空。	
If you are will to work harder ,people will become even(wealth)?	
【答案】wealthier	
【分析】考查形容词比较级。根据 become even 和句意理解,这里需要填 wealthy 的比较级	及,
去 y 变 i+er。	
Could you make a list of these(direct)films? I'll show them to you. 【答案】directors' 【分析】考查所有格。你能列一个这些导演们的电影的清单吗?谁的,用所有格,并且是 the	ese
所以要用名词复数。	
The teacher doubted the(true) of his excuse. 【答案】truth	
【分析】考查词性转换。Theof 中间用名词,true 的名词为 truth,真相。句意: 老师怀他借口的真实性。	疑
Several scientists have(succeed)developed a new kind of energy-saving car.	
【答案】successfully	
【分析】考查词性转换。成功地开发出,用副词形式 successfully。	

六、动词填空 用括号内所给的动词的适当形式填空。(每题1分共8分)

Human population growth will be probably the most serious problem if it _____(not control) properly.

【答案】isn't controlled

【分析】考查谓语。句意:如果没有被恰当地控制,人类人口增长将可会是最严重的问题。 条件状语从句主将从现,另外注意被动的使用。

I don't know where my children____(pick)up those rude words .

【答案】have picked

【分析】考查谓语。句意:我不知道我的孩子从哪里学会了这些粗鲁的言辞。因为已经学会,且主句为一般那现在时,所以从句谓语动词要用现在完成时。

(ride)to school for three years when I was in the middle school. 【答案】rode 【分析】考查谓语。这里要注意,虽然有 for +一段时间,但不能用现完。因为后面的时间 状语从句是一般过去时,当我读初中的时候。所以主句就用一般过去时就好。 ---Isn't time for you to sleep ,Daniel? ---Oh I (reply)to my classmates' e-mails all the afternoon, so I have to finish my homework now. 【答案】was replying 【分析】考查谓语。时间状语 all the afternoon, 所以用过去进行时。 He left in a hurry because he had some problems (solve) in his office. 【答案】to solve 【分析】考查非谓语。Have sth. to do.所以用 to do 不定式。 Do you think Tom (avoid) meeting me? I haven't seen him all day. 【答案】is avoiding 【分析】考查谓语。句意: 你认为 Tom 是不是一直在躲着我?我已经一整天没看见他。用 现在进行时。 Don't worry ,granny. The timetable says the last bus (leave) at 9:05 PM. 【答案】leaves 【分析】考查谓语。时间表,用一般现在时。

The fire this month in Chile(智利)was a disaster, _____(make) thousands of people homeless.

【答案】making

【分析】考查非谓语。用分词形式表伴随,对前述事件的补充说明。

七 任务型阅读 阅读短文,根据短文填表格,每空一词(共五分,每空一分)

What do you do when you come across a problem while doing your homework? Andy would take out his smart phone, open a special app and searched the problem. Answers soon appeared on the screen.

Nowadays, many students do homework with the help of the Internet like Andy. They search information online, use apps or discuss through social networks like QQ and WeChat.

"It's convenient(方便的). You don't have to wait or get a tutor(导师) on the spot(地点,场所)," Andy said. "You also learn by seeing how others work them out."

It also improves students' abilities, said John, another student. He said it's especially true for new types of homework.

John's Chinese teacher often asks students to give speeches on great authors. When it comes to John's turn, he usually searches online, picks out certain stories and makes PowerPoint presentations.

"I've become skilled at finding information online and using Microsoft Office," Wang said. However, many students think this trend (趋势) also brings up problems. Some students just copy the answers online without thinking. They become lazy.

A head teacher in Andy and John's school said that knowing how to use the Internet is important. The key is to have good self-control.

"No matter how difficult the problem is, think about it independently (独立地) first," the teacher said. "Be sure to understand the reasons behind the answers, or you won't make progress. If you don't have confidence about your self-control, ask your parents for help."

Getting Help on Screen

The phenomenon(现象)	Many students do homework with the help of the Internet They use		
	apps or social networks.		
) = 2 \ \		
Two (1)	(1)When meeting a problem with homework, Andy would turn to his		
	phone and search.		
	(2)John usually searches for information and chooses certain stories		
	and makes PowerPoint presentations when he is asked to give a		
	speech.		
Opinions from students	Some think it is convenient and (2) students' abilities.		
	Many think it (3)many problems, some students become		
	lazy when they just copy.		
Opinions from teachers	Having good self-control is (4)		
	No progress will be made (5) students understand the		
	reasons behind the answers.		
	If students aren't confident about their self-control, they should turn		
△ 17±	to parents for help.		

1	2	2	1	5
1	2	3	4	3

【答案】1.examples 2.improves 3.causes 4.important 5.unless 【分析】

- 1.概括题。后文是给了两个学生的例子,所以这里填 examples。
- 2.原词重现题。根据文章"It also improves students' abilities",可知填 improves。
- 3.句型转换题。原文定位 bring up,产生,引起,故填 causes。
- 4.原词重现题。根据文章"A head teacher in Andy and John's school said that knowing how to use the Internet is important. The key is to have good self-control."可知填 important.
- 5.句型转换题。根据文章最后"Be sure to understand the reasons behind the answers, or you won't make progress."可知填 unless。

八	完成句子	根据汉语意思,	用英语完成下列句子	
那辆失控的汽车原来是其中一个德国人的。				

The car out of control _____.

【答案】turned out to be one of the Germans'.

【分析】结果,原来是······: turn out to be...; ······之一 one of...; 注意 one of+复数,德国人的 Germans'。

Mike 以前是个尖子生,但自从沉迷于电脑游戏,就落后于	一同龄学生了。
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Mike was a top student before, but he_____since he lost himself in computer games.

【答案】had been behind from the students of his age

【分析】since 提示要用延续性动词 落后: be behind; 同龄学生: the students of his age。注意过去的过去要用过完。

对于我来说,它是不是手工制作的并不重要。

It doesn't or not.

【答案】 matter to me whether it is made by hand

【分析】重要: matter。是否: whether。由手工制作: be made by hand。

歌曲 see you again 百听不厌。

The song see you again _____

【答案】is well worth listening to again and again.

【分析】百听不厌,即非常值得一而再再而三的听。非常值得: be well worth doing sth. 一而再再而三: again and again。

尽管他参加过几个足球队的选拔,但几乎没有人注意到他的天赋。

Although he tried our for several teams, little of his gift

【答案】notice was taken

【分析】考查 take notice of 的被动。

习主席说,中国女排取得如此大的成就,在时隔 12 年再次独占鳌头。

President Xi says China women's national volleyball team made such a great achievement again 12 years after they won the title.

【答案】that they took the lead

【分析】考查 such...that 和独占鳌头是 take the lead。

学机构

九、书面表达(本题10分)

临近期末,学校在学习小组内开展了年终自评和组评活动,假设你是 Moonlight 小组的组长,请根据下面的表格中的信息和提示,为你的组员 Tommy 进行综合的素质的评价,写一份素质报告。

Name	Tommy		
Hobbies	不仅喜欢即兴编曲而且喜欢看体育新闻的电视节目		
Study	这学期成绩优秀得到高度的赞扬		
Honour	通过网站,帮助三位无家可归的儿童找到父母,被学校授予最助人为		
荣誉	乐奖(The Most Helpful Student Award)		
Problems	每天作业太多,没时间锻炼		
Your suggestion			

要求: 1、表达清楚, 语法正确, 上下连贯, 不得出现真实班级, 姓名等;

2、省略部分发挥2—3句。

3、词数: 90 词左右。	
Tommy is a member of my team called Moonlight	

【答案】

Tommy is a member of my team called Moonlight, he not only likes making up music but also likes watching TV programme of sports news. Tommy won high praise because of excellent grades of this term. Through the internet, he helped three homeless children find their parents and he was presented "The Most Helpful Student Award" by school. But there were so much homework every day that he has little time for doing exercises. I suggest that he should make a list for all his homework. He also needs to achieve a balance between work and exercises.



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